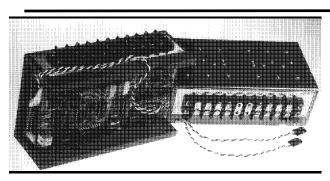


R/C DUAL FORWARD & REVERSE SPEED CONTROL - Mixed Steering



■ OVERVIEW: The RDFR DIRECTORS perform speed, direction and steering functions for Radio/Controlled vehicles powered by two independent electric motors employed as a right drive and a left drive. They're used for **robots** with tank tread drives or separate drive wheels, and twin-screw boats or subs where maneuverablility is enhanced by differential props combined with rudder steering. They require two R/C channels, one to command throttle speed & direction and the other steering. Each RDFR unit has two rugged forward/reverse speed controls coupled together through special logic that generates the differential right and left motor rotation needed to guide the vehicle. When used with a spring centered joy stick: hands off is stopped, up stick gets straight ahead, and down yields backwards. Pure right or left twirls the vehicle as the motors turn opposite directions. In between stick positions are completely proportional, including reverse. Other modes of operation are available. RDFR DIRECTORS are compatible with most model R/C systems, including Futaba.

These instructions are for the **RDFR21** through **RDFR23**. *PLEASE* read and understand them before connecting power. The **RDFR32** through **RDFR61E** have a separate instruction manual.

SPEC CHART shows ratings for one *single* motor output. Measure your motor's continuous running current under *actual normal mechanical load*. OR use the SELECTOR CHART on this page. Begin by determining your DC PM motors armature terminal resistance by consulting specifications or measurement. Armature resistance cannot be measured with a normal ohm meter. Instead, take the measurement by *mechanically locking* the motor shaft and reading the current drawn while *briefly* powered from a fresh alkaline 1.5 volt "D" cell. The SELECTOR CHART on this page shows armature resis-

- **MODELS RDFR21 RDFR23**
- ☐ ROBOTS, TWINSCREW BOATS
- ☐ INSTALLATION & WIRING
- **□ JUMPER SELECTIONS**
- **☐ MOUNTING**



tance in "D" cell amps or specified ohms. At your operating voltage the **RDFR** model choosen should list *lower* Ohms or *higher* Amps than your motor. **VAN-TEC** surge ratings express usable motor starting surge current over a realistic 5 second period.

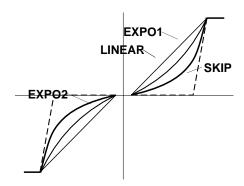
| V Ohm " | SELECT 'D"Amp Part # | | | | mp Part# |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| 9 0.17 9 0.12 9 0.13 9 0.08 12 0.23 12 0.16 12 0.17 12 0.07 12 0.05 18 0.34 18 0.24 18 0.25 18 0.17 18 0.12 | 7 RDFR21 9 RDFR22 8.3 RDFR32 15 RDFR33 5.3 RDFR21 7 RDFR22 6.6 RDFR32 9.5 RDFR33 NA RDFR36E NA RDFR36E NA RDFR38E 3.7 RDFR21 5.2 RDFR22 4.7 RDFR32 7 RDFR33 9 RDFR36E | 18 24 24 24 24 24 24 36 36 36 48 48 60 60 140 | 0.08 0.46 0.32 0.34 0.21 0.15 0.10 0.52 0.33 0.24 0.73 0.53 0.92 0.66 3.40 | NA 2.9 4 3.7 5.5 7.2 9.6 2.5 3.8 5.2 1.8 2.5 1.4 2 .4 | RDFR38E RDFR21 RDFR22 RDFR32 RDFR33 RDFR36E RDFR38E RDFR32 RDFR33 RDFR36E RDFR42 RDFR42 RDFR42 RDFR42 RDFR42 RDFR43E RDFR43E RDFR461 |

JUMPERS: The Jumpers are factory set for the most popular *single joystick mixed tank type steering* mode so this section may be skipped for anxious users. These settings are noted by the shaded sections in the jumper tables. Otherwise begin setting the programming jumpers for the functions that suite your application. Jumper ON= installed=present=closed.

DUAL INPUT MODES: These modes use both R/C Servo Command Pulse inputs.

MIXED FOR TANK STEERING: Five algorithms are jumper selectable: LINEAR, mild EXPOnential1, moderate EXPOnential2, SKIP & optional VARiable ratio. The EXPOnential modes spread the steering to provide a gently increasing steering function for very precise neutral steering.

The **SKIP** algorithm is for boats with rudders. It mixes steering into the speed commands only near the *extremes* of rudder steering. This gives maximum speed and stable roll forces and still offers maneuverability. Especially for subs. A Y-connector splits the steering command to the **RDFR** and the rudder servo.



The *optional* **VAR**iable ratio adjusts the steering gain according to the speed command. At slow speeds steering gain and effectiveness is maximum. At full speed the steering gain is reduced. This places the less stable high speed turns beyond operator reach for safety.

Gain selection: most users prefer HI gain to get the maximum possible speed with the stick straight up; when the vehicle turns at full speed the wheel on the inside slows down but the outside wheel can't go any faster because it's already at top speed. Gain calibration is based upon a Futaba FP-8UAP with 100% ATV, 100% Dual Rate, no trim, centered at 1.53 ms, and factory defaults. This works well with other popular radios. Adjustment of gain may also be made at the transmitter using the ATV servo travel adjustment potentiometer. The Notch defines the starting duty cycle so your motor isn't driven with a non-rotating but power wasting duty cycle. Deadband is the joystick movement around center that produces no action; it makes "off" easy to find.

NON-MIXED DUAL INPUT: The mixing function may be defeated to realize two independent speed controls with two independent Servo Command Pulse inputs. This enables you to control your vehicle with a separate joystick for each motor and do the turning algorithm with your thumbs. SCP Input S=Motor #1, SCP input T=Motor #2. To implement: install jumper JP2. The RDFR is the only controller that gives you your choice. Note this configuration may have matching curve pairs or different algorithms for each output.

The factory **CUSTOM** *option* allows you to optimize mixing/non-mixing, gain, deadband and failsafe values.

The PWM chopping frequency is the recommended **338** Hz(default) or install jumper **JP1** to select **21.6** KHz. The **RDFR**s operate optimally in a radio envi-



ronment at 338 HZ. At 21.6 KHz more RFI is generated which requires additional RFI filters and the amperage must be derated to 30%.

BRAKING AND REVERSING: the optically isolated outputs are Pulse Width Modulated full Hbridge circuits. For speed control the bottom half of the bridge is modulated while the diagonal upper bridge leg is held on. Sequenced electro-dynamic braking shunts the motor by modulating both top legs of the bridge. With a command to "stop" the brake is gently ramped from 0 to 100% duty cycle. When an R/C command changes direction the brake is quickly sequenced to first bring the motor to a halt, then the reversing **PWM** power is accelerated up to the commanded speed. This forced sequencing minimizes motor "plugging" and stress on your mechanical components. Jumpers JP3 and JP4 select the appropriate ramping for your application.

| | | Single | Output | | SPI | EC | CHAR | Т | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|---------|----------------|-----|-----------|------------------------|---------------------|-----|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Part Number | Voltage Range | Con't Amp | Start'g | TypLo LegOh | | Ap Siz | proximat e w/ conne | t e ector | Wgt | Wire Oz. | Comments AWG |
| For 4 cell to | 24VDC s | ystems: | | | | | | | | | |
| RDFR21 | 4.5-30 | 14 | 45 | .009 | 4.2 | X 2 | .9 X 1.3 | • | 7 | 18 | Lowest Cost |
| RDFR22 | 4.5-30 | 20 | 60 | .005 | 4.2 | X 2 | .9 X 1.3 | • | 9 | 16 | Most compact unit, with |
| RDFR23 | 4.5-30 | 30 | 60 | .004 | 4.2 | X 2 | .9 X 1.3 | ' | 9 | 16 | popular algorithms |
| For 12-36VDC systems: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RDFR33 | 9-43 | 35 | 95 | .006 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.2 X 4" | | 27 | 12 | Most popular! |
| RDFR36E | 9-43 | 60 | 160 | .004 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.3 X 4. | 5" | 39 | 10 | Used in Bomb Disposal Robots |
| RDFR38E | 9-32 | 80 | 220 | .002 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.3 X 4. | 5" | 43 | 8 | Drives 3 HP Acrobatic Go-Cart |
| For 42-48V | DC systen | is: | | | | | | | | | |
| RDFR42 | 32-60 | 20 | 54 | .013 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.3 X 4" | | 27 | 18 | Medium voltage systems |
| RDFR43E | 32-60 | 35 | 95 | .013 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.3 X 4. | 5" | 39 | 39 | Extruded case |
| For 60-120 VDC systems (Units below require filtered +12-36 VDC @ 180ma) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RDFR61 | 50-140 | 10 | 27 | .03 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.2 X 4" | | 27 | 18 | Grainger's Dayton or Minarik |
| RDFR61E | 50-140 | 15 | 40 | .03 | 6.2 | 5 X | 2.3 X 4. | 5" | 39 | 16 | 90 VDC Gearhead motors |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| DUAL INPUT | | | | | | , | | OPATEL (IBINEL ORITH |) |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| MIXED MODES CURVE | | STEER GAIN/ | THRTL GAIN/ | Dead band at | Non mix | B0 ₁ | B12 | B2 ₄ | B3 ₈ |
| PAIRS | | Curve | Curve | center | JP2 | JP5 | JP6 | JP7 | JP8 |
| LINEAR | A7 | Н | Н | NONE | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| | B6 | Н | Н | NORM | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| | C8 | Н | Н | WIDE | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| EXPO1 | D0 | HI/expo | Н | NORM | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| | E9 | MED/EXPO | Н | NORM | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| | F4 | HI/expo | HI/expo | NORM | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| | G15 | HI/expo | Н | WIDE | OFF | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| | H5 | HI/expo | HI/expo | WIDE | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| EXPO2 | 111 | HI/EXPO | HI/expo | NORM | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| SKIP | J13 | Н | Н | SPECL | OFF | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| | КЗ | Н | HI/expo | SPECL | OFF | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| CUSTOM | L1 | Asyo | u like it OPTK | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| VARATIO | M12 | na | | | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| | N2 | na | | | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| | O14 | na | | | OFF | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| | P10 | na | | | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| NON- | | | | Dead | | | | | |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED | | Gain | Notch | band at | Non Mix | ID5 | ID6 | ID7 | IDΩ |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS | 4 | | | band at center | Mix JP2 | JP5 | JP6 | JP7 | JP8 |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR | 4 | Н | NONE | band at center | Mix JP2 ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR | 5 | HI | NONE | band at center | JP2 ON ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR expoA | 5 | HI HI | NONE NONE | band at center NONE NORM | JP2 ON ON | OFF ON OFF | OFF OFF ON | OFF OFF | OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR expoA EXPOB | 5 8 10 | HI HI HI | NONE NONE NONE | band at center NONE NORM NORM | JP2 ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON | OFF OFF ON | OFF OFF OFF | OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR expoA EXPOB LINEAR | 5 8 10 | HI HI HI | NONE NONE NONE MED | band at center NONE NORM NORM | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON | OFF ON ON OFF | OFF OFF OFF ON | OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR LINEAR | 5 8 10 12 | HI HI HI HI | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED | band at center NONE NORM NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON | OFF ON ON OFF | OFF OFF ON ON | OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR expoA EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR expoA | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED | center NONE NORM NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON ON OFF OFF | OFF OFF OFF ON ON | OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR LINEAR | 5 8 10 12 | HI HI HI HI | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED | center NONE NORM NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON | OFF ON ON OFF | OFF OFF ON ON | OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR LINEAR expoA EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR expoA | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED | center NONE NORM NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON ON OFF OFF | OFF OFF OFF ON ON | OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOA EXPOA UN- UNATCHED | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI HI THI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HOTOR | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MED MOTOR 2= | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON OFF OFF ON ON | OFF OFF ON ON ON | OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOA EXPOB LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOA EXPOA UNEAR UN- UNATCHED PAIRS | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI S input | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MED MOTOR 2= T input | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON JP2 | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON ON OFF ON ON JP6 | OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON JP7 | OFF OFF OFF OFF JP8 |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR UNEAR EXPOA EXPOA EXPOA CURVES CURVES | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI ATI THI HI 13 | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MOTOR 2= T input | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON JP2 | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON ON ON | OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON ON | OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOA EXPOA EXPOA CURVE CURVE CURVES | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI HI 13 5 | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MOTOR 2= T input 15 | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON O | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON ON | OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF | OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOA EXPOA EXPOA CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI 13 5 | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MOTOR 2= T input 15 8 14 | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON O | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF OFF | OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF | OFF |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOA EXPOA EXPOA CURVE CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI HI S input | NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MOTOR 2= T input 15 8 14 | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON O | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON ON OFF ON OFF OFF O | OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF | OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON |
| MIXED MODES MATCHED CURVE PAIRS LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR LINEAR EXPOB LINEAR EXPOA EXPOA EXPOA CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES CURVES | 5 8 10 12 13 14 | HI HI HI HI HI HI HI 3 5 5 12 | NONE NONE NONE NONE NONE MED MED MED MOTOR T input 15 8 14 10 8 | center NONE NORM NORM NORM+ WIDE NORM+ WIDE select curve from | Mix JP2 ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON O | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF | OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF OFF | OFF OFF ON ON ON ON OFF OFF OFF OFF | OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON ON |

■ WIRING: Follow the layout schematic. Do not power the RDFR from batteries under charge, battery eliminators or chargers without consulting factory.

POWER & MOTOR: Observe battery polarity. The **SPEC CHART** shows the minimum size wire for battery power and motor wiring. The RDFR21-23's have two screw connections for each node to assure solid high current connections for the handy plug-in terminal block. Run double wires, one from each screw connection for a node, to the respective motor terminal or fuse. Run 4 wires from the 4 screws for the **GROUND** node; the ground supports the current for both motors. Wire with the minimum length wire practical and keep this wiring separated from the R/C receiver and SCPulse cables. Ground your chassis at a single point but don't use the chassis to conduct current. Use separate regular-blow fuses to feed the +1 and +2 power terminals; select the smallest fuse which will support normal operation.

A MOV should be installed directly across the motor brushes and a .001 ufd ceramic disc capacitor directly across each motors brushes and between each brush and their motor case for RFI protection.

SERVO COMMAND PULSE: The inputs plug into your receiver like a servo and the connectors are engraved: Steering = \mathbf{S} , and Throttle = \mathbf{T} . Only the receiver common and your Servo Command Pulse signal wires are required to drive the optical isolators within the RDFR. Some R/C receivers don't have adequate SCPulse drive for Y-connecting the RDFR with the rudder servo without a "peanut" amplifier; contact the factory for this easy solution if a direct Y fails to work. The **RDFR** neither takes power from nor supplies power to the R/C receiver; thus the plus (red) wire is not used. Available with Futaba J or G, Airtronics, Deans, or JR connectors, it works with FM or PCM radios. Use the full length supplied R/C antenna and locate it away from other wires and metal structures.

OPTIONAL BRAKE RELEASE or **CLUTCH ENGAGEMENT:** provides a 2 Amp output current sink that turns on when there's an R/C "motion" command. With a "stop" R/C command it goes off after a short delay. Connect at the single terminal block connection **BRK**. Install a flyback diode across your coil to protect the **RDFR**.

| BRAKING/ACCELERATION RAMP SELECTION in milliseconds 0 to 100% | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----|-----|--|--|
| ARMATURE AT REST | GENTLE BRAKING (Normal Stop) | QUICK BRAKING (Change Direction) | ACCELER- ATION | JP3 | JP4 | | |
| Shunted | 320 ms | 71 ms | 74ms | OFF | OFF | | |
| Open | 71 ms | 640 ms | 590 ms | ON | OFF | | |
| Shunted | 1300 ms | 320 ms | 290 ms | OFF | ON | | |
| Shunted | 640 ms | 160 ms | 150 ms | ON | ON | | |

- **MOUNTING:** Don't mount the unit directly adjacent to the R/C receiver. Simultaneous operation of both halves at maximum ratings may require cooling air or mounting the **RDFR** side-opposite-the-terminal-block to additional heat sinking. Usually the metal frame of your vehicle is sufficient. No *special* heatsinks are required. While mounting remove the cover to monitor the mounting screw length; screws should not thread into the case more than 1/8".
- **OPERATION:** If the **RDFR** becomes too hot to hold cease operation and investigate the cause. In the popular tank steering mixed mode *both* servo connectors must be plugged in for the unit to operate even one motor. Use transmitter trims of both channels to set motors off deadband. Assignment of right/left motors to #1 or #2 outputs, motor(s) polarity, and transmitter servo reversing switches have numerous combinations;

select the correct combination experimently but *NEVER* reverse the motor battery polarity. Noise in sound systems is due to a poor power distribution scheme; ask for our application note on AF noise.

Output current through the MOSFETransistors is compression limited above a threshhold by PWM duty cycle limiting. The threshhold adjustment trimpot for each output is factory set. CW rotation increases the limiter threshhold.

The **RDFR** comes with a limited one year warranty based upon a fixed repair charge for units not tampered with or abused. These products are *not safety devices* nor for use in life-critical or life-support systems. For single channel controllers with these features see our **RSFR** spec sheet. Specifications and price subject to change without notice. Patented. Some tradenames & trademarks owned by others.

